

ENGINE SYNCHRONIZER KIT INSTRUCTIONS

These Instructions are for the installations of an Engine Synchronizer Kit, consisting of Gauge, Module, and Harness. It is designed for use with Tachometers manufactured by Veethree (USA). The gauge may be of nominal 2" or 3" size, and have one mounting stud (Figure 1A), or two mounting studs (Figure 1B).

CAUTION:

READ AND FOLLOW THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE PROCEEDING WITH INSTALLATION. DO NOT DEVIATE FROM WIRING INSTRUCTIONS. INCORRECT INSTALLATION COULD CAUSE ELECTRICAL SHORT WITH POSSIBLE FIRE. ALWAYS DISCONNECT BATTERY BEFORE MAKING ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.

NOTE: VARIOUS STANDARD-MAKING ORGANIZATIONS HAVE ESTABLISHED RULES FOR WIRING. THOSE APPLICABLE TO YOUR SITUATION SHOULD BE FOLLOWED.

Additional Supplies Required:

- No. 16 Standard Insulated Wire
- Insulated terminal lugs as required

MOUNTING THE GAUGE

1. Select a mounting location for the Gauge which provides easy readability from the operator's position. Check behind the mounting location for installation clearance. A suitable mounting area for the Module must also be available. This mounting must be within reach of the optional 18" (457 mm) harness P/N 1471175K if used.

2. Cut a 2-1/8" (54 mm) or 3-13/32" (86.5 mm) diameter hole through the panel at location selection.

3. Insert Gauge through the hole, and secure with "U" shaped bracket, using the nuts and washers provided. See Fig. 1. Bracket is designed for use with 1/2" (13 mm) maximum thickness panels. Legs may be shortened if required.

CAUTION: DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN NUTS, OR YOU MAY CRACK THE GAUGE HOUSING OR THE MOUNTING PANEL.

MOUNTING THE MODULE

1. Mount Synchronizer Module at location previously selected.

WIRING

1. Refer to Figure 2A through 2C and determine which style gauge you have. If you have the style shown in Fig. 2A, run a wire from "G" terminal of Gauge to "IGN" terminal of ignition switch.

2. For types shown in Fig. 2B and 2C, run a wire from "IGN" terminal of Gauge to "IGN" Terminal of ignition switch or "IGN" terminal of another Gauge.

FIGURE 1A
ONE STUD STYLE

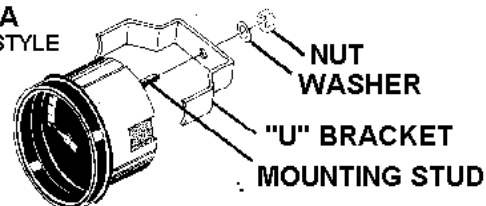


FIGURE 1B
TWO STUD STYLE

NOTE: FACE OF YOUR GAUGE MAY DIFFER FROM DRAWINGS.

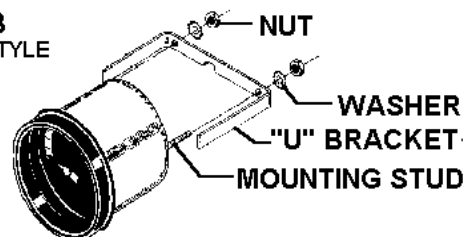


FIG.2A
(2")

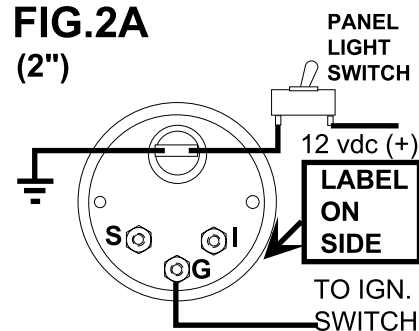


FIG.2B
(2")

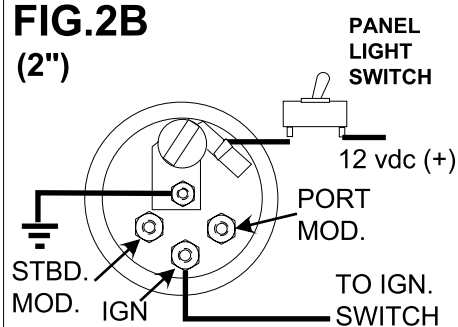
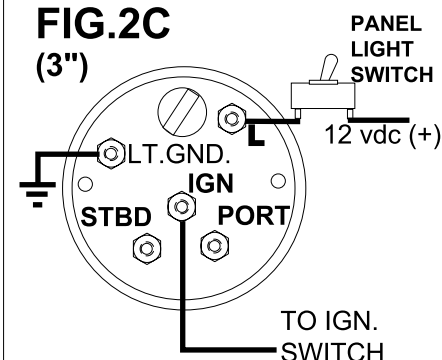


FIG.2C
(3")



3. If lighting is desired:

A. Type 2B and 2C: (Twist - in wedge base lamp)
Run a wire from the "L" (Light) terminal of Gauge to panel light switch or "L" terminal of another Gauge.
Run a wire from "LT GND" (Type 2C) or mounting stud terminal (Type 2B) to electrical system ground.

B. Type 2A: Connect one lead from lamp socket to panel light switch or "L" terminal of another Gauge, and the second to electrical system ground.

4. Refer to Figure 3. Wiring shown will cause Gauge pointer (for types shown in Figures 2A and 2B) to move in direction of faster engine. Type shown in Figure 2C will move towards slower engine. If desired, this may be changed by reversing connections at Module.

A. Run a wire from sender ("S") terminal of Starboard Tachometer to Starboard engine tach terminal of Module.

B. Run a wire from sender ("S") terminal of Port Tachometer to Port engine tach terminal of Module.

5. Run a wire from Ground terminal of Module to electrical system ground.

6. Refer to Figure 4, A through C, for your style gauge. Connect Wiring Harness from Module to Gauge as shown in appropriate section of Figure 4, making sure either the plugs are fully seated on terminals or the harness ring terminals are tight on the proper terminals.

Dual Station Applications:

The preferred method is to use a Module for each gauge. The alternative is to use one Module, and wire the Gauges in parallel - that is, IGN to IGN, PORT to PORT, STBD to STBD. In this case, the Jumpers (Figure 3) **MUST** remain in place.

When wiring is completed, reconnect Battery. Turn both keys "On" -- Gauge pointer should be centred. If there is a problem, check electrical connections. Be sure "IGN" and "GND" connections are not reversed.

CAUTION:

**BEFORE RECONNECTING BATTERY,
RECHECK WIRING TO ENSURE ALL
CONNECTIONS ARE PROPERLY MADE.
INCORRECT CONNECTIONS OR
ELECTRICAL SHORTS COULD CAUSE
DAMAGE OR FIRE. ELEMENTS OF
ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS SHOULD HAVE
PROPER FUSES INSTALLED.**

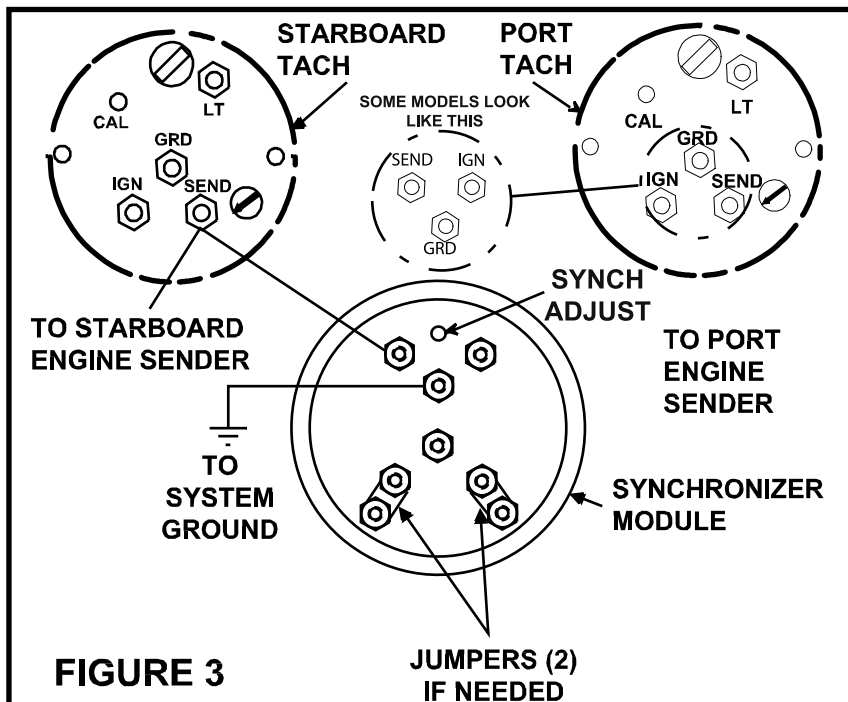


FIGURE 3

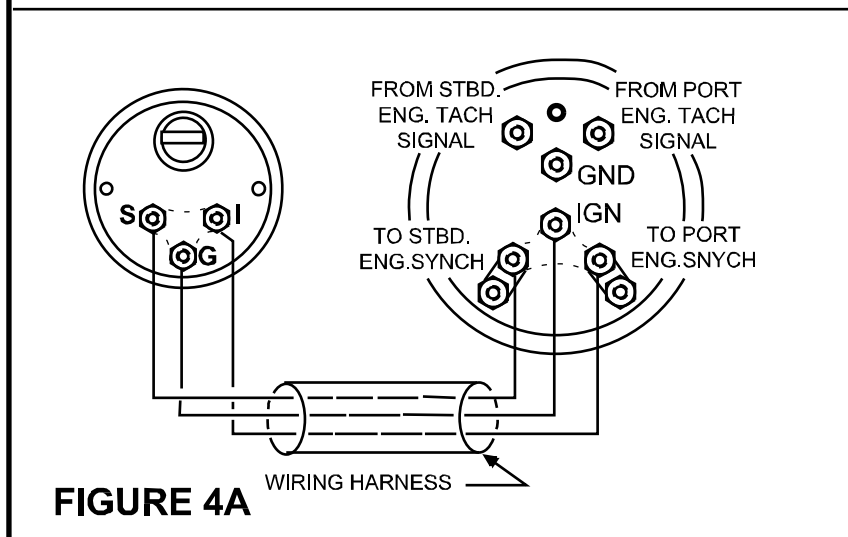


FIGURE 4A

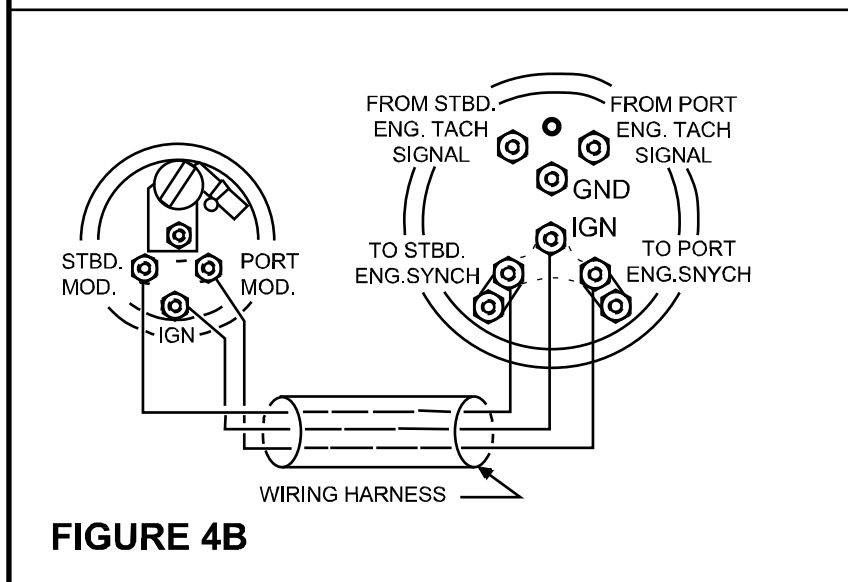


FIGURE 4B

OPERATION AND CALIBRATION

1. Start engines and observe reading of Tachometers and Synchronizer Gauge. Equal positioning of throttle levers should produce a center reading on Synchronizer Gauge. Pointer will deflect to side which has greater engine speed (except for Type 2C).

2. The Gauge and Module are calibrated for extreme accuracy in detecting differences in engine speeds. In some cases, it may be necessary to decrease the sensitivity of the unit. Removal of the Jumper tabs (See Figure 3) on the Module will decrease sensitivity as shown on the Gauge. This means a greater difference of engine speeds will be required for an equal deflection of the Gauge pointer. If your application uses two Gauges from one Module, the Jumpers **must not be removed**.

3. In extremely rare cases, it may be necessary to calibrate the unit. Make sure both engines are running at the same speed. Temporarily remove the dust cover and insert a small bladed screwdriver in the calibration hole in the Module marked "SYNCH ADJUST" (See Figure 3). Rotate the adjustment screw in very small increments to change Gauge pointer deflection from either side of center. Do Not over-torque the adjustment or you will damage the Module.

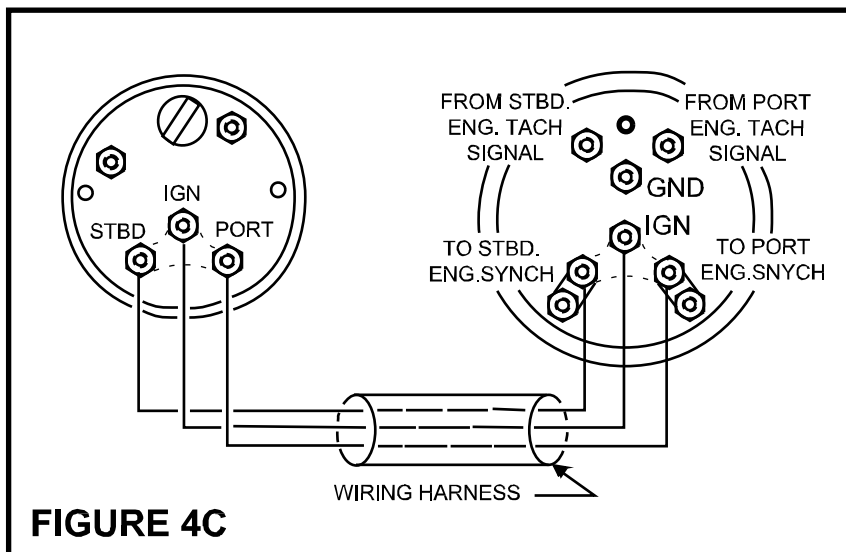


FIGURE 4C

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